Violence and Aggression at Work Policy



Adopoted by Laughton Community Primary School

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Document summary

This policy outlines the Councils procedure for managing the risk of violence and aggression to staff and service users and provides guidance to employees and managers on the action to take following any reported act of violence or aggression. Violence is defined as purposeful or reactive behaviour which produces damaging or hurtful effects, physically or emotionally, on people.

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Violence and Aggression at Work Policy

Key points

- The content of this Policy applies to all County Council employees and covers arrangements for mitigating and reporting acts of violence in relation to work activities
- Individual incidents of violence may range from threats or verbal abuse to serious bodily harm
- There is a need to recognise that frequent verbal abuse may result in high levels of stress and lead to longer term effects on health
- All acts of violence and aggression to employees must be reported using the online reporting system
- The County Council will, so far as is reasonably practicable, do all it can to reduce the risk of violence to employees and provide support to those who suffer from such actions.

1. Introduction

- 1.1 The County Council understands that sometimes, due to individual circumstances, our customers won't always be calm and polite when they call or visit us and they may not always abide by relevant local procedures. Although we know you will always do your best to deal with these situations, we support your right to politely end an abusive call or to ask a visitor to leave our premises if the abuse continues. Staff can also calmly and professionally walk away having made arrangements for another member of staff to take over.
- 1.2 The County Council is committed to support any employee, who suffers violence or aggression in the course of, or arising out of, their work duties.
- 1.3 The definition of 'abusive' is "language which is foul or otherwise upsetting and/or behaviour which is threatening." 'Violence' is defined as "purposeful or reactive behaviour which produces damaging or hurtful effects, physically or emotionally, on people".
- 1.4 Any act of aggression or violence towards an employee should be reported to the reporting system. This will enable the manager to establish any pattern of violence from particular sources, areas or individuals. The manager should offer as much support as reasonably possible to the employee (see paragraph 3.2 below).
- 1.5 An employee who has been caused actual bodily harm has the right to report the matter to the Police and to seek a prosecution of the offender, either by the Police or, in certain circumstances, to initiate legal proceedings him or herself.
- 1.6 The County Council will give appropriate support, through Legal Services, in cases involving an offence or assault. This may involve general legal advice to the employee, liaison with the Police, advice as to how to obtain legal assistance to proceed with a private prosecution or civil claim and, in certain circumstances instituting proceedings in the name of the County Council.

- 1.7 It is anticipated that in most cases where an offence of assault occasioning injury is committed against an employee, the Police would prosecute the offender. A compensation order (towards injury / loss suffered) could be made as part of a sentence. A claim for criminal injuries compensation or a civil compensation claim could also be pursued by the employee.
- 1.8 Where threats are made to an employee in the course of his/her employment, the County Council will consider sending a formal letter to the person concerned warning that legal action will be taken if a breach of the law occurs. Any threats should be reported to the employee's manager, who will advise whether a report for consideration of such action should be made to the Legal Services Manager.
- 1.9 When a caller is abusive over the telephone, the employee may warn that person that if their language or behaviour continues to be abusive and they do not stop, the telephone call may be ended by the employee. However, the employee must tell the person what they are going to do and why, before doing so. For example they may say: "I am unable to continue this discussion (give reason) but if you leave your number I will arrange for my manager to call you back". The definition of "abusive" is language which is foul or otherwise upsetting and/or behaviour which is threatening. Such incidents must be reported using the online incident reporting system. Employees must report to their line manager should such an incident occur, providing as much detail as possible.
- 1.10 If a visitor becomes abusive, violent or disruptive, employees may ask them to leave the premises, provided this does not put them or others at risk. Staff should advise the visitor that if they continue to be offensive or disruptive then they may have to leave the premises but only if they feel this wouldn't put them at risk. All employees must be aware of any local procedures in such cases. In cases where an individual is presenting serious risk to staff or others you should call for police assistance immediately by dialling 999.
- 1.11 Any absence from work by an employee which directly results from an incident of violence sustained during the legitimate discharge of his/her duties will be treated as work-related 'sickness' absence.
- 1.12 The County Council's Personal Accident Insurance Policy contains a provision for the payment of specified sums of money to employees who suffer disablement arising from a violent assault during the course of, or as a consequence of, their employment, such that their injuries arising from the assault are sufficient to affect their ability to return to work to undertake their normal duties. None of these payments are automatic, and are subject to the terms and conditions of the policy currently in force and the employment conditions relating to employees.
- 1.13 The County Council makes provision for ex-gratia payments to be made to employees whose personal belongings are damaged in the course of their duties. Any ex-gratia payments are made without admission of liability.

2. Specific Action by the County Council

- 2.1 In addition to the principles listed above, the County Council has initiated a number of measures aimed at assisting with the process of dealing with violence to employees.
- Violent incidents will often cause great distress and possibly give rise to difficulties for employees in carrying out their duties in the future. For this reason it is intended that positive support should be available to all employees involved in serious incidents. This process must begin on receipt of the report to the manager concerned. A checklist of action to be taken by managers is attached as Appendix 1.
- 2.3 An online reporting system is in place to track incidents involving violence & aggression to employees, in order that statistical information is available from which to establish trends, identify particular dangerous working practices and assist with the development of procedures to deal with violence and aggression. All employees are therefore required to report incidents involving violence which occur during the course of their duties by using the online incident reporting system and advising their manager of the occurrence as soon as possible.

3. Responsibilities

3.1 Chief Officers will:

- 3.1.1 ensure that arrangements are in place for implementing this policy, utilising department-specific guidance on its application where appropriate
- 3.1.2 have systems in place for the periodic monitoring of the implementation of this policy
- 3.1.3 ensure that all managers/supervisors are aware of the policy and are given appropriate training and information in order to be able to determine what constitutes violent behaviour within their service area and take appropriate steps to deal with it in accordance with the requirements of the policy.

3.2 LMG and Line Managers will:

- 3.2.1 identify groups of employees within their area of responsibility who are considered to be most at risk from violence
- 3.2.2 review the working practices, procedures and working environment of each of these groups, undertake risk assessments in consultation with the employees affected and their representatives with the aim of identifying specific problems and devising safer systems of work wherever possible
- 3.2.3 compile, as appropriate, department specific procedures and guidance which can be circulated to managers and employees and implemented across all relevant work areas of the department
- 3.2.4 ensure suitable training arrangements are in place so that employees identified as being particularly at risk of violence are able to participate in programmes which are relevant to their needs. Such training should enable:

- employees to recognise the situations and circumstances which are likely to give rise to violence
- an understanding of the way in which their own behaviour can contribute to such situations
- techniques to be learnt for avoiding or dealing with violence.
- 3.2.5 ensure so far as possible that all incidents of violence are reported on the online incident report system and notified to the appropriate senior manager
- 3.2.6 remind individuals who have suffered from violence at work of the staff counselling service
- 3.2.7 review the arrangements specified above on a regular basis to ensure that appropriate action has been taken in the department.

3.3 **Employees will:**

- 3.3.1 comply with the requirements of this policy
- 3.3.2 comply with any advice and instruction given from any relevant training workshop
- 3.3.3 ensure that they report to their Manager and via the online report system any incidents relevant to this policy, whether or not physical injury has resulted.

Appendix 1: Model Procedure Sheet

1. Violence at Work: Procedure following an assault on an employee

- 1.1 A manager or supervisor who receives information about an assault on an employee will give immediate attention to the well-being of the employee and other employees who may be at similar risk. If the employee concerned has suffered injury or shows signs of shock he/she must be immediately referred to a doctor and, if possible, should be asked to obtain a medical statement about the injuries or condition. The police should be informed if there has been serious injury or a potentially serious incident has occurred providing the employee is in agreement.
- 1.2 If an assault happens on County Council premises the manager will, where practicable, seek to exclude the offender from the premises. However, if the offender is a service user, regard must be paid to the manager's legal obligations for ensuring the immediate safety and wellbeing of the service user.
- 1.3 The manager will interview the employee who has been assaulted as soon as possible and must ensure that full details of the incident are recorded on the online incident/accident reporting system especially if the employee has been injured.
- 1.4 The manager will be supportive to the employee in accordance with the Council's stated policy, having regard to the operational instructions of the department, and provide an immediate opportunity to discuss the circumstances of the incident. The employee may be accompanied by a staff representative or friend if they wish.
- 1.5 The manager should normally inform the police of any serious assault on an employee which occurs in the course of, or arising out of, his or her official duties, although regard must be paid to any supplementary guidance issued by individual Chief Officers and the views of the employee concerned.
- 1.6 If the police are not attending, factual written statements should be obtained as soon as possible by the manager from any witnesses. These should include the witnesses' names and addresses and preferably be obtained on the day of the assault. The employee who has been assaulted should also be asked to prepare a written statement as soon as possible after the incident. The statements should be retained by the manager as they may later be requested by the Insurance and Risk Manager or Legal Services in respect of any legal or insurance claims. They should also be uploaded onto the online incident reporting system with the relevant incident report.
- 1.7 If an implement is used in the attack it should be retained by the manager provided this can be done without difficulty or risk to themselves or others.
- 1.8 The manager must offer the employee the provision of legal advice and the matter should be referred to the Legal Services Manager in the first instance.
- 1.9 The manager will institute a full investigation of the circumstances surrounding the incident, including current systems of work and procedures and take appropriate steps to prevent a recurrence. This would involve any staff Health and Safety Representative and will include a full review of any existing risk assessments.

- 1.10 In the event of an assault being caused by an employee of the County Council, the Disciplinary Procedure will be applied as appropriate.
- 1.11 The manager will have regard to the Council's policy on violence in undertaking any other action which is deemed necessary in individual cases.
- 1.12 The manager will make all employees affected by the violent incident or aggression aware of the support services available to them, such as staff counselling and mediation. The staff counselling service is available on 0800 0305182. For more information on mediation, please call 01273 481300.

2. Incidents of verbal abuse and/or threatening behaviour

- 2.1 Managers will apply the same principles listed above to incidents which fall short of actual assault, as appropriate.
- 2.2 Online incident reports should be completed by employees in the event any incident of verbal abuse including repeated incidents of verbal abuse from the same source or incidents of employees hanging up on an abusive telephone caller.

3. Communication of Information

- 3.1 Managers will report specific incidents of assault or serious abuse/threatening behaviour to senior management in order that existing policy and practice can be reviewed and amended where necessary. This will also help with the process of monitoring the level of violence at work in the County Council.
- 3.2 Where a member of the public is violent or abusive and fails to modify their behaviour, steps may need to be taken to prevent or restrict their use of the service. Where relevant, local procedures must be provided to ensure a consistent approach to all such incidents.