

History – Curriculum progression document Year B

Autumn	How have toys changed since my grandparents were children? (TI)	How have toys changed since my grandparents were children? (T1)	How have toys changed since my grandparents were children? (TI)	Ancient Achievers (T2) *Overview complete in LKS2	Ancient Achievers (T2) *Overview complete in LKS2	Ancient Egypt (T2) * Depth Study completed in UKS2	Ancient Egypt (T2) * Depth Study completed in UKS2
	EYFS	ΥI	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
Overarching Key Question	How have toys changed since my grandparents were children?	How have toys changed since my grandparents were children?	How have toys changed since my grandparents were children?	What did the earliest civilisations have in common?	What did the earliest civilisations have in common?	How did the ancient Egyptians live their lives?	How did the ancient Egyptians live their lives?
National Curriculum	Understanding the world ELG : Past and Present	Changes within living memory	Changes within living memory	• The achievements of the earliest civilizations	• The achievements of the earliest civilizations	• The achievements of the earliest civilizations	• The achievements of the earliest civilizations
 Substantive Concept Society/Culture Government/Power Achievements/Legacy Movement/Migration 	Society/Culture		Achievements/ Legacy		Achievements/ Legacy		
Endpoint		Identify similarities and differences in toys since my grandparents and parents were young.		Identify historically significant themes and achievements across an overview of the earliest civilisations.		Identify a range of achievements during the Ancient Egyptian empire. Know how religion influenced the lives of Ancient Egyptians.	
Component Knowledge	Onent Knowledge Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society Lesson I: How can I describe my toys? • To look at their favourite toys and discuss the similarities and differences between the toys. • Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences • To look at their favourite toys and discuss the similarities and differences between the toys.		civilisations existed: Valley, The Shang Dy Ancient Egypt. • To make comparison	where the following early Ancient Sumer, The Indus ynasty of Ancient China and ns between when the where they were located and	Lesson I and 2: Who ru were they a successful I • To understand the (pharaohs). • To understand all a	•	
	and what has been read in class Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books	 Lesson 2: What is the difference between old toys and new toys? To be able to distinguish between old and new toys (comparison of like for like). To know how old toys are different from new toys. 		Lesson 2: Where in the v civilisations and why wer • To understand what successful.	re they here?	temples, tombs and	learn from temples, Ancient Egyptians built d pyramids and why these their religious beliefs

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	read in class and			risons of where the first		nd how the ancient Egyptians
	storytelling.		civilisations and	why		ics and why they were
		Lesson 3: What were our parents and			important (links	s to symbolism/religion)
		grandparents toys like?	Lesson 3. The impact	t of the earliest civilisations		
		 To know when their parents and 	-	of the earliest civilisations		
		grandparents were children (shown visually	on the world today	hievements of the earliest		cient Egyptians worship a
		on a timeline).			God?	
		• To know how we can use sources to find out		consider their impact.		he Ancient Egyptians believed
		about toys from the past.		achievements of the earliest		and know how they
		, 1	civilisations were	e similar and which were	worshipped the	ir gods
			different.		To know that b	eliefs changed over the
		Lesson 4 and 5: How toys have changed?			Egyptian dynast	ies
		• To be able to describe differences (materials,				
		sound etc.) between toys of the past and toys	Lesson 4: Writing and			
		of today - to know the progress in terms of		civilisations had writing and		he Egyptians believe
		materials and technology.	number systems	and what they were used for	about life and death?	
					To know why t	he Egyptians buried their dead,
					how they prese	rved bodies, and why this was
		Chronology: Create a toy timeline during the		e of writing and number	significant	
		unit	systems		To know what	the ancient Egyptians believed
			To know why w	riting and number systems were	about the afterl	•
			-	of the success of the earliest		
				of the success of the earliest		
			civilisations		Chronology: Timelin	<mark>e of leaders Lesson I</mark>
			Chronology: Timelin	<mark>e lesson l</mark>		
Vocabulary		plastic wind-up	Ancient Sumer	River Nile	achievement	religion
		wooden battery	Indus Valley	River Indus	influence	belief
		old	Ancient Egypt	River Tigris	significant	dynasties
		damaged	Shang Dynasty	Yellow River	Pharoah	preservation
		metal	civilisation	equator	King Tut	ankh
		handmade	laws	travel	scribe	mummification
		electrical	culture	farming	amulet	irrigation
		technology	duration	hygiene	canopic jar	vizier
		0/	concurrent	irrigation	sarcophagus	symbolism
			communication	crops	scarab	monarchy
			trading	transport	tomb	
			materials	writing	afterlife	
			achievements	number system	hieroglyphics	
				influences	Rosetta Stone	
Chronology vocabulary	Past	Calendar	sewage system	initidences	BCE	
Chronology vocabulary			BC		CE	
	Present	Long ago			Millennium	
	Before	Last year Manak	Century			
	After	Month	Decade		Change	
	Today T	Week	Chronology		Continuity	
	Tomorrow	Day	Ancient		Sequence	

Yesterd	day Moder	rn	Nineteenth Century	Period
	Old		Duration	
	New			

Spring	Explorers	Explorers	Explorers	Traders and Raiders (T4)	Traders and Raiders (T4)	Viking Voyagers (T4)	Viking Voyagers (T4)
	EYFS	ΥI	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
Overarching Key Question	How important was Ibn Battuta as an explorer? (Compare with Christopher Columbus)	How important was Ibn Battuta as an explorer? (Compare with Christopher Columbus)	How important was Ibn Battuta as an explorer? (Compare with Christopher Columbus)	How did England change after the Anglo-Saxon settlement?	How did England change after the Anglo-Saxon settlement?	How did the Saxons regain control of England? Does King Alfred deserve to be known as the Great?	How did the Saxons regain control of England? Does King Alfred deserve to be known as the Great?
National Curriculum	Understanding the world ELG : Past and Present	• Significant individuals	• Significant individuals	 Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots 	 Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots 	• The Viking and Anglo- Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor	• The Viking and Anglo- Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor
 Substantive Concept Society/Culture Government/Power Achievements/Legacy Movement/Migration 	Ma	ovement and migration Significance		Movement/ Migration		Movement/ Migration	
Endpoint		Identify why Ibn Battuta was important . Identify why Christopher Columbus was important . Identify similarities / differences between ways of life at different times		Know how Britain changed Anglo-Saxon settlement.	as a consequence of the	Know the significance of A Viking and Anglo-Saxon stru Compare similarities, difi within the Kingdom of Engla invasions to the time of Edv	uggle for England. Terences and changes and from the first Viking
Component	Talk about the lives of the		e greatest explorers and	Lesson I: Why did the A	Anglo Saxons come to	Lesson I: What was life	
Knowledge	people around them and their roles in society Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class	 why did they explore? To know that explorers travelled for a variety of reasons e.g. to find new ways to reach different places; to find ways of transporting different goods and precious things; to add to their knowledge about the world; to satisfy their curiosity. To know that people explored in different ways through time; explore these using photos Lesson 2: Who was Ibn Battuta? 		 Britian? To know when the arrive and where th To know that Angle number of reasons 	Anglo Saxons began to be Anglo Saxons came from o Saxons arrived for a (they were invited, they ed new farm land, they eir families)	 Know why Anglo Saxon England was an attractive target Lesson 2: Chronology Know how various types of interaction 	

	Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.	 Use a map to locate some of places he visited Describe what it was like to travel for lbn Battuta using clues from his book. Lesson 3: How important was lbn Battuta? To know that the stories about his travels, taught people about new parts of the world To know that the distance that he travelled was a great achievement during that time Lesson 4: Who was Christopher Columbus? To know that Christopher Columbus was a 	 To know where each group of Anglo Saxons settled Lesson 3: How did the Anglo Saxons keep control of their kingdoms? To know ways that Kings would control their Kingdom To know how Anglo Saxon classes were divided and to empathise with different members of Anglo Saxon society through role play 	Engl sing Kno toge Lesson 3: I Saxons? Kno how Cre bala
		great explorer who became famous for discovering what was known as 'The Americas'. But actually, many people already lived there. Lesson 5: Who was more significant? Ibn Battuta or Christopher Columbus? Identify similarities and difference between Ibn Battuta and Christopher Columbus Begin to make simple conclusions to decide who was more significant Chronology: To add photos of famous explorers to a timeline- Lesson I	 Lesson 4: What did the Anglo Saxons believe? To know how religion in Britain changed after the Anglo Saxon settlement To know why Anglo Saxons eventually converted to Christianity from paganism Lesson 5: what can we learn from Sutton Hoo? To know that historians use artefacts to construct knowledge of the past. 	Lesson 4: I period of V • Kno ther this • Kno Ang Eng Lesson 5: I remember • Kno mad • Mal 'gre • Kno
Ma ashala a				Chronolog
Vocabulary				
Chronology vocabulary	Past Present Before After Today Tomorrow Yesterday	Calendar Long ago Last year Month Week Day Modern	AD BC Century Decade Chronology Ancient Nineteenth Century	BCE CE Millennium Change Continuity Sequence Period
		Old New	Duration	

- gland grew and was shaped into becoming a ngle nation.
- now how events within the period studied fit gether chronologically.

How were the Vikings viewed by

- now that perspective can have an impact on w events are recorded
- reate questions that would help give a more lanced account of events.

How did England change over the Viking and Anglo Saxon struggle?

- now that in history, event don't just occur, ere is a cause and the effects are a result of is
- now that the prolonged conflict between the nglo-Saxons and Vikings changed the way gland looked, and was run politically.

: Is Alfred the Great really worth ering?

- now how the changes that Alfred the Great ade, had an effect on the country
- ake suggestions for what would make a eat' king
- now how to pursue your own line of enquiry

ogy: Timeline Lesson 2

Summer	Towers and Turrets (T5) EYFS	Towers and Turrets (T5)	Towers and Turrets (T5) Y2	Post 1066 study over time (T6) Y3	Post 1066 study over time (T6) Y4	The Blitz (T6) Y5	The Blitz (T6) Y6
Overarching Key Question	What was life like for Sarah Forbes Bonetta?	What was life like for Sarah Forbes Bonetta?	What was life like for Sarah Forbes Bonetta?	How Have Children's Lives Changed?	How Have Children's Lives Changed?	The Blitz: All we need to know about World War II?	The Blitz: All we need to know about World War II?
National Curriculum	Understanding the world ELG : Past and Present	Significant individuals	Significant individuals	 A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066 	 A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066 	 A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066 	 A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066
Substantive Concept Society/Culture Government/Power Achievements/Legacy Movement/Migration Significance (KS1)		Government/ Power /Society		Government/Power			
Endpoint		Know a range of significant aspects about Sarah Forbes Bonetta.		Describe and make links between main events and changes in crime children's lives within and across different periods since 1066. Continuity and change		Explain reasons why the Blitz was of particular significance to World War II	
Component Knowledge	Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been	 Lesson I: Who is significant? To name reasons we remember important people To know who is significant in our own lives and record this Lesson 2: Who was Sarah Forbes Bonetta? Ask historically relevant questions about a painting of Sarah Forbes Bonetta knowing that 		Lesson I: What do sour children's lives have cha • To know how child using a range of sour Lesson 2: Why did Tudo what was it like? • To know why Tudo • To know the kinds	anged? dren's lives have changed urces. or children work and or children needed to work. of jobs Tudor children had.		
	read in class Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books	historians build a pi facts together • Sequence events us Lesson 3: What was life		 Victorian England and what were they like? To know the types of jobs Victorian children had and their working conditions. Know how the sup so significant to the bad and their working conditions. Lesson 4: How did Lord Shaftesbury help to Lesson 3: Evacuee expension 		port of the wider world was British riences in Britain: Is this	
	read in class and storytelling.			change the lives of child	<i>,</i> ,	all we need to know abo War 2?	

		 To know how Victorian life was different to ours including simple representation of trade, empire and rich and poor as well as slavery To reflect on why SFB was significant Lesson 4: Compare with Queen Victoria. To know how Queen Victoria came to throne To know the significance of her reign – to know that there was a lot of change – to know that she was key in the development of the British empire. To compare the SFB and QV Chronology: Sequence life event cards	 To know the impact that Lord Shaftesbury had on the lives of children both then and now. Lesson 5: How and why has children's leisure time changed? To know about historical leisure activities. To know the reasons for leisure activities changing. Chronology: Class timeline that is revisited in every lesson 	 To know what it was like to be an evacuee in WW2 using historical sources To know who the Kindertransport were and why they left their families Lesson 4: New opportunities? How significant was the impact of World War 2 on women? To know the roles of women during the war and how the efforts and responsibilities of women during the war were so important To know the way in which women's lives changed during World War 2. Lesson 5: What did men do in the War? Did all men have to fight? To know that there were a range of different roles in the war for men - the Home Guard, air raid wardens, different jobs in the army, different jobs in the air force, different jobs in the navy, Bevin boys. To identify similarities and differences in men's experiences of World War 2.
				Lesson 6: Answer enquiry question Chronology: Timeline Lesson I
Vocabulary				
Chronology vocabulary	Past Present Before After Today Tomorrow Yesterday	Calendar Long ago Last year Month Week Day Modern Old New	AD BC Century Decade Chronology Ancient Nineteenth Century Duration	BCE CE Millennium Change Continuity Sequence Period